CHARACTERISTICS

AMANDA is characterized by its resistance against PCN Pa 2 and Pa 3. It is also very resilient against black leg and mechanical damages.

Plant

Maturity	Medium early	
Plant type	Intermediate	
Growth habit	Semi-upright	
Colour of flower	White	
Foliage development	Rapid	
Number of tubers	High	
Dormancy	Medium, High	

Yield and quality

Market segment	Flakes/Granules, Table, French fries		
Yield	Medium, High		
Share oversize	Low		
Share undersize	Medium		
Cooking type	C (floury)		
Discolouration (cooked) Low			
Discolouration (raw)	Very low, Low		
Dry matter content	Medium		
•			

Tuber characteristics

Tuber shape	Oval
Flesh colour	Light yellow
Eye depth	Shallow
Skin colour	Yellow
Skin appearance	Netted

Resistances

Nematodes	Ro 1, Ro 4, Pa 2, Pa 3	
Potato wart disease	Pathotype 1, Pathotype 6*	
Foliage blight	Medium, High	
Tuber blight	Medium, High	
Rhizoctonia	Medium	
Black leg	High	
Common scab	Low, Medium	
Internal rust spot	Medium	
Second growth	High	
Silver scurf	High	
Mechanical damages	High	
Bruising	Medium, High	
PVY	Low	
PVY ^{NTN}	High	

^{*} found to be resistant in an EU-country



Amanda



medium early, multi-purpose variety
Pallida-resistant







GROWING ADVICE WAREPOTATOES

AMANDA is a medium early multi-purpose variety with optimal characteristics for the production of flakes. Amanda is resistant and also tolerant to Pallida-nematodes (Pa 2, Pa 3).

Location

- · on light soils, irrigation is advisable
- · avoid locations with free-living nematodes

Preparation of seed and planting

- prewarm the seed tubers before planting → plant with small white sprouts
- · seed treatment against rhizoctonia is advisable

	75 cm	90 cm	plants/ha
28/35	22 - 23 cm	18 - 19 cm	58.000 - 61.000
35/55	32 - 34 cm	26 - 28 cm	39.000 - 42.000
55/60	38 - 40 cm	32 - 34 cm	33.000 - 35.000

- the lighter the soil, the wider the planting distance
- · without irrigation or when the location is at risk of droughts, plant a little bit wider
- · always count tubers for optimal planting density

The above information has been prepared to the best of our knowledge and belief, but since potatoes are natural products, we cannot accept any liability for this information. They only serve as an orientation for decision making. For advice adapted to your region and for general questions about growing, please contact the growing consultant in your region. You can find the contact details at www.solana.de.

Crop management

	quantity*	1 st application	2 nd application
N	100 %	50 %	50 %
P ₂ O ₅	100 %	100 %	-
K ₂ O	100 %	100 %	-

^{*} in comparison to other flake varieties

- ½ N as ammonia-fertiliser before planting
- ½ N as ammonia-fertiliser before row closure
- sensitive to Metribuzin post-emergence
- spray against phytophtora in accordance with local warning services and especially after self-monitoring the crop
- · use insecticides to secure high yields

Harvest and storage

harvest gently after skinset

